

FIG. 1

	<div> <div> D UU </div> <div> LL </div> </div>	<div> <div>U</div> <div>U1</div> <div>U2</div> <div>U3</div> </div>		
	L1	C1		
	L2	C2		
	L3	C3		

FIG. 2

FIG. 3

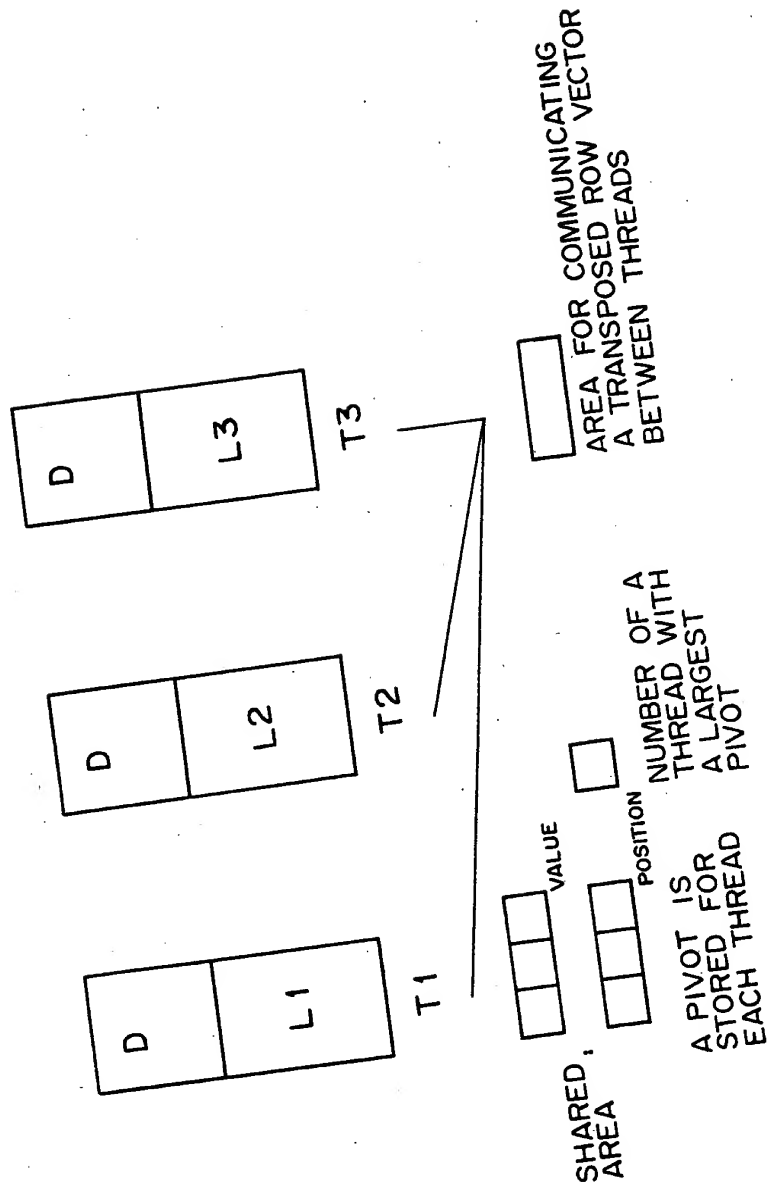


FIG. 3

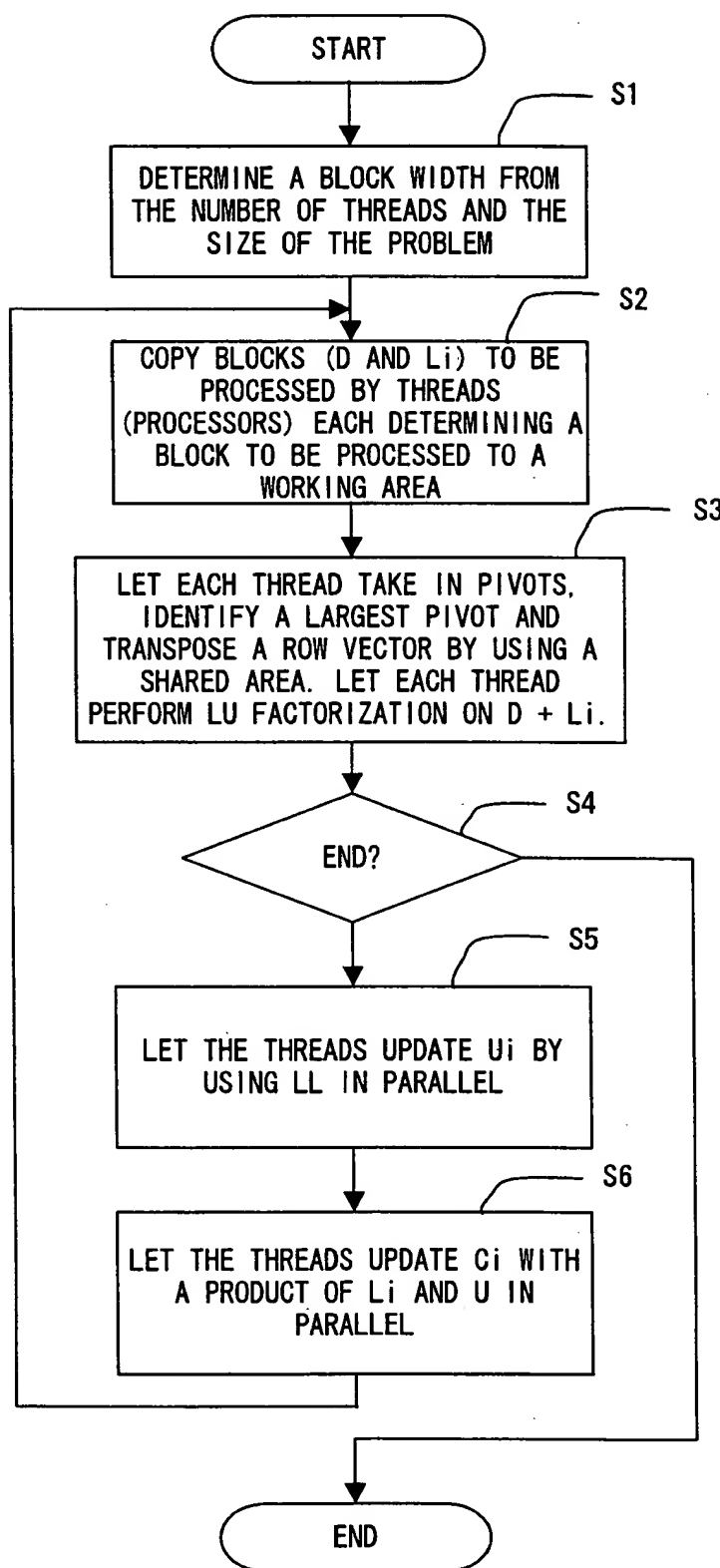


FIG. 4

FIG. 5

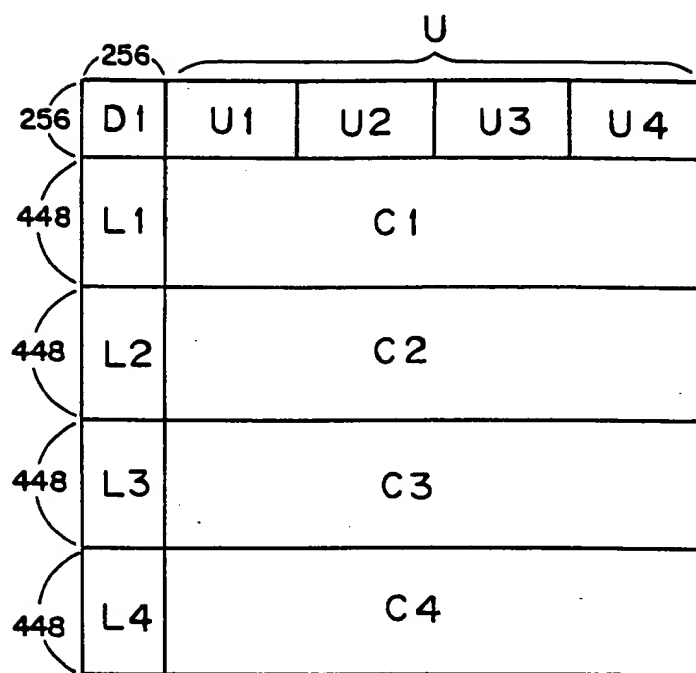


FIG. 5

FIG. 6

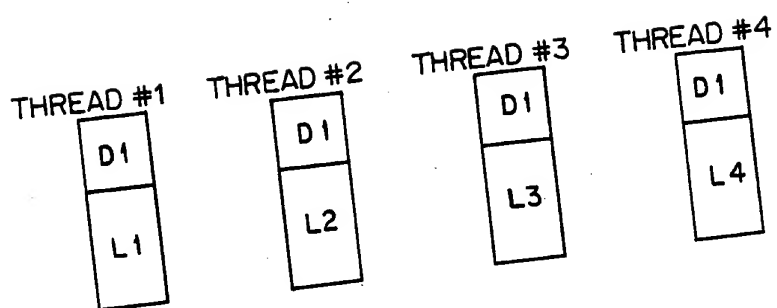
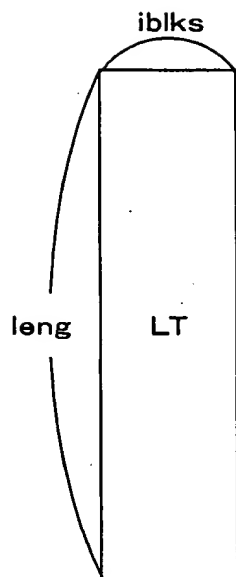


FIG. 6



```

DO i=1, iblks
  TMP=0,0 DO;jj=0
  DO j=i, leng
    IF(ABS LT(j, i)), GT , TMP)THEN
      TMP=ABS(LT(j, i))
      jj=j
    ENDIF
  ENDDO

```

(1)

```

  IF(jj, GT, i) THEN
    DO k=1, iblks
      TMPX=LT(i, k)
      LT(i, k)=LT(jj, k)
      LT(jj, k)=TMPX
    ENDDO
  END IF

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(2)

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  DO k=i+1, iblks
    LT(i, k)=LT(i, k)/LT(i, i)
  ENDDO

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```

  DO k=i+1, iblks
    DO l=i+1, leng
      LT(l, k)=LT(l, k)-LT(l, i) × LT(i, k)
    ENDDO
  ENDDO

```

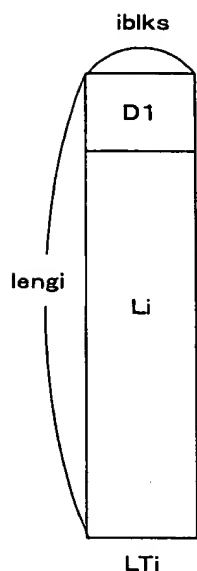
(3)

```

ENDDO

```

FIG. 7



```

DO i=1, iblks
  TMP=0.0 DO:jj=0
  DO j=1, lengi
    IF (ABS LTi(j, i)), GT, TMP) THEN
      TMP=ABS (LTi(j, i))
      jj=i
    ENDIF
  ENDDO
  pivpot( #THREAD )=jj
  (#THREAD IS A THREAD NUMBER. IN THE
  CASE OF PARALLEL PROCESSING BY 4
  THREADS, #THREAD IS PRESCRIBED AS
  1,2,3 AND 4.)

```

(4)

(5)

BARRIER SYNCHRONIZATION

```

IF( #THREAD, EQ, 1)
  jx=0; GPIVOT=0
  DO ix=1, 4
    IF (pivpot(ix), GT, jx. AND, PIVOT(ix). GT. iblks) GPIVOT=ix
    (THE NUMBER OF A THREAD HAVING A LARGEST NUMBER)

```

(6)

```

ENDDO
END IF
BARRIER SYNCHRONIZATION

```

```

IF( #THREAD, EQ, GPIVOT) THEN
  IF (jj, GT, i) THEN
    DO ix=1, iblks
      ROW(ix)=LTi(jj, ix)
    ENDDO
  END IF

```

(7)

BARRIER SYNCHRONIZATION

```

IF (GPIVOT, EQ, 0) THEN
  IF (jj, GT, i) THEN
    DO i=1, iblks,
      TMPW=LTi(i, ix)
      LTi(i, ix)=LTi(jj, ix)
      LTi(jj, ix)=TMPW
    ENDDO
  END IF

```

SINCE TRASPOSITION HAS
BEEN CARRIED OUT IN AN IP,
THE THREADS EXECUTE THE
PROCESSING IN PARALLEL

(8)

```

ELSE
  IF( #THREAD, EQ, GPIVOT) THEN
    DO ix=1, iblks
      LTi(jj, ix)=LTi(i, ix)
      LTi(i, ix)=ROW(ix)
    ENDDO
  ELSE
    DO ix=1, iblks
      LTi(i, ix)=ROW(ix)
    ENDDO
  ENDIF

```

```

DO k=i+1, iblks,
  LTi(i, k)=LTi(i, k)/LT(i, i)
ENDDO

```

(9)

```

DO k=i+1, iblks
DO l=i+1, lengi
  LTi(l, k)=LTi(l, k)-LTi(l, i) × LTi(i, k)
ENDDO
ENDDO

```

(10)

ENDDO

FIG. 8

FIG. 9

256	D 1	U 1	U 2	U 3	U 4
384	L 1	C 1			
384	L 2	C 2			
384	L 3	C 3			
384	L 4	C 4			

FIG. 9

subroutine LU(LTi, k, iblks, ist, nwid)
 (WHERE LT_i IS USED BY THREADS FOR STORING (D₁ + L_i),
 k IS THE SIZE OF THE FIRST ONE DIMENSION OF LT_i,
 iblks IS THE BLOCK WIDTH,
 ist IS A POSITION TO START THE L_u FACTORIZATION AND
 nwid IS THE WIDTH OF AN OBJECT SUBJECTED TO THE L_u FACTORIZATION)
 IF(nwid, eq, 8), Then(A WIDTH OF 8 IS A MINIMUM).

LT_i(ist:k, ist, ist+nwid-1) IS SUBJECTED TO THE LU FACTORIZATION IN
 PARALLEL.

HERE, THE PARTS (4) TO (10) OF FIG.9 ARE EXECUTED.
 IN THIS CASE, THE ROW-TRANSPOSING UNIT TRANSPOSES
 LT_i(i, 1, iblks) AT THE LENGTH iblk.

else

call LU(LTi, k, iblks, ist, nwid/2)
 call TRS()
 UPDATE LT_i(ist:ist+nwid/2-1, ist+nwid/2:ist+nwid). BY USING A
 LOWER-TRIANGULAR MATRIX LL OF LT_i(ist:ist+nwid/2-1, ist:ist+nwid/2-1),
 UPDATE IT BY MULTIPLYING IT BY LL⁺ FROM THE LEFT.

call MM()
 LT_i(ist+nwid/2:k, ist+nwid/2:ist+nwid)
 =LT_i(ist+nwid/2:k, ist+nwid/2:ist+nwid)
 -LT_i(ist+nwid/2:k, ist:ist+nwid/2-1) ×
 LT_i(ist:ist+nwid/2-1, ist+nwid/2:ist+nwid)

Barrier SYNCHRONIZATION

call LU(LTi, k, iblks, ist+nwid/2, nwid/2)
 end if
 return
 end subroutine

FIG. 10

FIG. 11

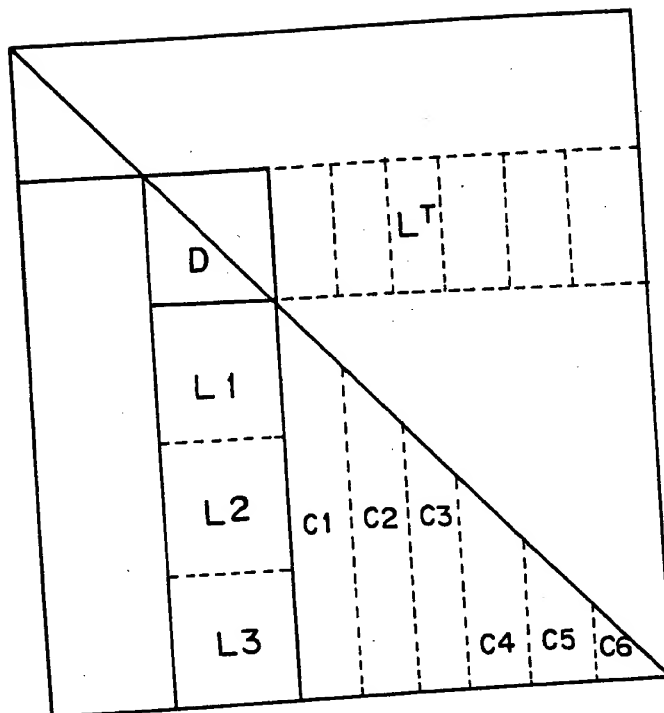


FIG. 11

TOP SECRET

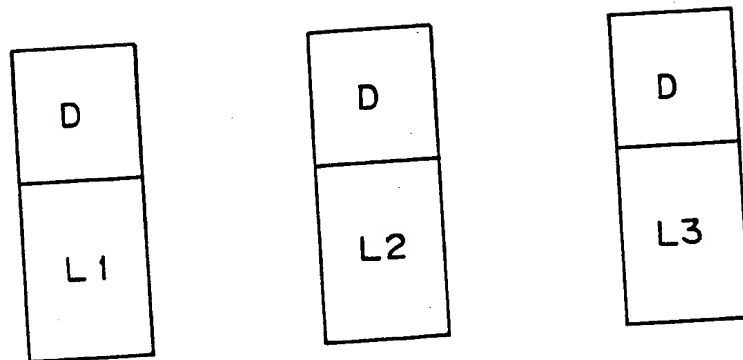


FIG. 12

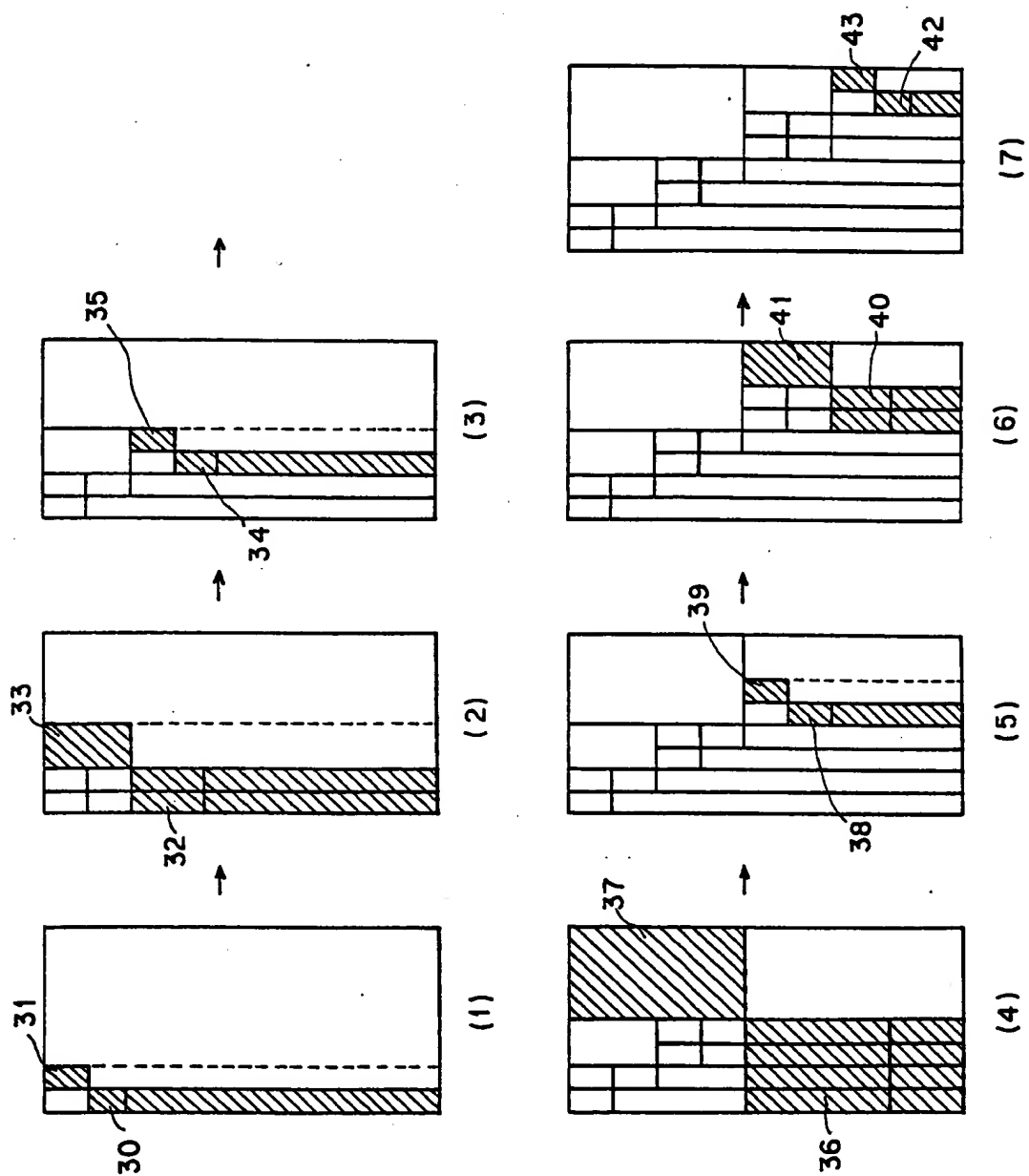


FIG. 13

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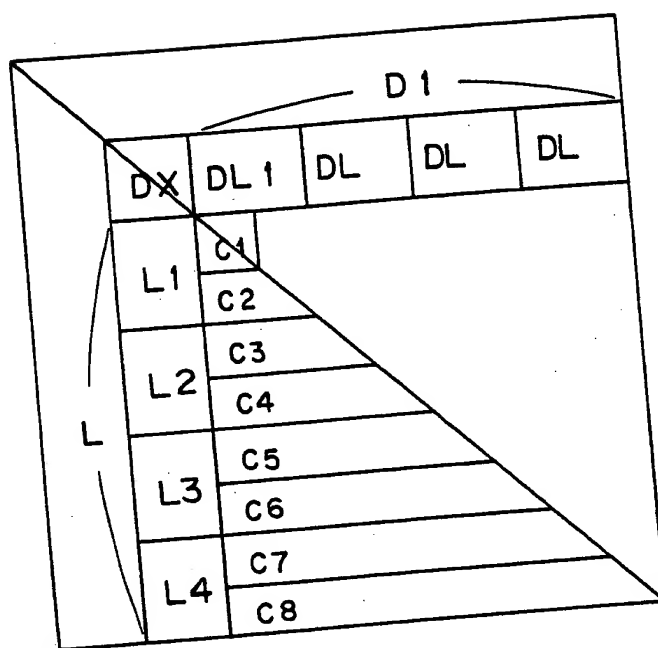


FIG. 14

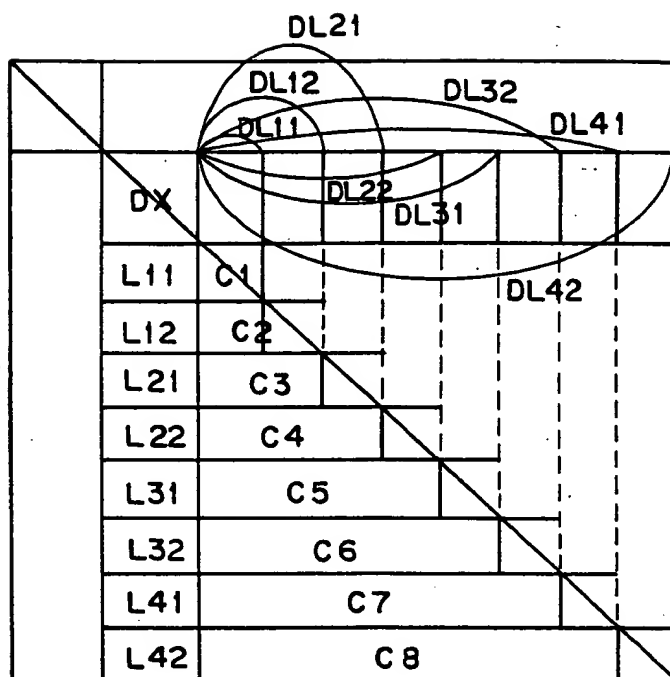


FIG. 15

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subroutine LTD(LTi, k, iblks, ist, nwid)
  IF(nwid, EQ, 8) THEN (THE WIDTH OF 8 IS THE MINIMUM)
    DOi=ist, ist+7
    DOj=i+1, ist+7
      LTi(i, j)=LTi(j, i)
      LTi(j, i)=LTi(j, i)/LTi(i, i)
    ENDDO
    DO jy=i+1, ist+7
      DO jx=jx, ist+7
        LTi(jx, jy)=LTi(jx, jy)-LTi(jx, i) × LTi(i, jy)
      ENDDO
    ENDDO
  ) (20)

  [ UPDATE LTi(LTi(ist+8:k, ist:ist+7).
    SINCE  $DL^T$  IS INCLUDED IN THE UPPER TRIANGLE OF
    LTi(LTi(ist:ist+7, ist:ist+7), UPDATE  $(PL^T)^{-1}$  FROM THE RIGHT. ]

  ELSE
    call LDL(LTi, k, iblks, ist, nwid/2)

    COPY  $DL^T$  TO
    ·LTi(ist:ist+nwid/2-1, ist+nwid/2:ist+nwid-1).
    (D IS AN OBJECT ELEMENT OF LTi(ist:ist+nwid/2-1, ist:ist+nwid/2-1)
    AND L IS
    LTi(ist+nwid/2:ist+nwid-1, ist:ist+nwid/2-1),
    TRANSPOSING THIS  $L^T$ .)

    ·UPDATE LTi(ist+nwid/2:k, ist+nwid/2:ist+nwid-1).

    [ LTi(ist+nwid/2:k, ist+nwid/2:ist+nwid-1)
      =LTi(ist:ist+nwid/2:k, ist+nwid/2:ist+nwid-1)-
      LTi(ist+nwid/2:k, ist:ist+nwid-1) ×
      LTi(ist:ist+nwid/2-1, ist+nwid/2:ist+nwid-1) ]

    CALL LDL (LTi, k, iblks, ist+nwid/2, nwid/2)

  ENDIF

  RETURN

  END

```

FIG. 16